

WHAT CAN WE DO TO END DOMESTIC VIOLENCE?

Domestic violence is 100% preventable. Hawai'i can take action to promote attitudes, beliefs, and social conditions that stop perpetration of violence before it happens. By implementing promising practices for ending domestic violence, we can work to create safer and healthier relationships, 'ohana, and communities for all.

Address Risk Factors for Perpetration 1

Domestic violence is a complex issue. Prevention strategies should focus on changing behaviors and shifting culture that perpetuates abuse.

To do this, efforts must simultaneously address identified **risk factors** across multiple levels: individuals, relationships, communities, and society. Risk factors are linked to greater likelihood of violence perpetration and are not necessarily direct causes.

Society

- Traditional gender norms and gender inequality
- Societal income inequality

Community

- Weak community accountability against domestic violence
- Communities where neighbors don't look out for each other

Relationships

- Exposure to domestic violence as a child
- History of experiencing physical discipline as a child

Individual

- Lack of nonviolent social problem-solving skills
- Hostility towards women



Develop a statewide prevention plan²

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has outlined effective domestic violence prevention strategies for states and communities to implement, with the goal of promoting healthy, respectful, nonviolent relationships.

Strategy	Approach	Potential Outcomes: Reductions in
Teach safe and healthy relationship skills	 Youth social-emotional learning programs Healthy relationships programs for couples 	Perpetration of domestic violencePeer violence, bullying
Engage influential adults and peers	 Men and boys involved in prevention Bystander empowerment and education Family-based programs 	 Youth acceptance of abusive behaviors Incidents of teen dating violence
Disrupt developmental pathways towards partner violence	 Early childhood home visitation Preschool with family engagement Accessible treatment for youth and families 	Child welfare encountersDating violenceAggressive behavior in youth
Create protective environments	 Improve school climate and safety Improve workplace climate and policies Focus on physical and social environments of neighborhoods 	 Community violence Rates of intimate partner homicides Community violence
Strengthen economic supports for families	 Strengthen household financial security Strengthen work-family supports 	Poverty and financial stressfinancial dependency and inequality
Support survivors to increase safety and lessen harms	 Housing programs Survivor-centered services First responder and civil legal protections 	Housing instabilityDomestic violence homicide

^{1.} Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2021). Risk and protective factors for intimate partner violence perpetration. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. cdc.gov/violenceprevention/intimatepartnerviolence/riskprotectivefactors.html

^{2.} Niolon, P. H., Kearns, M., Dills, J., Rambo, K., Irving, S., Armstead, T., & Gilbert, L. (2017). Intimate Partner Violence Prevention Resource for Action: A Compilation of the Best Available Evidence. Atlanta, GA: National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/IPV-Prevention-Resource 508.pdf